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Institute for a Community
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China's Role in Global Governance



By Ms. Iraj Ilyas, PRCCSF Fellow and Participant
of FJHS-PRCCSF Fellowship Program 2024

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China has become a major player in global governance, demonstrating its strength in geopolitics and economics. China's determination to promote a just, cooperative, and stable global system is a key factor in its growing role, going beyond mere economic or military power.

Supporter of global cooperation: China has made important contributions to global governance by consistently supporting multilateralism. China has always held view that addressing global challenges, such as climate change and others, requires a more unilateral approach than in other parts of the



world. This is clearly reflected in its proactive participation in key international bodies, including the United Nations (UN), the World Trade Organization (WTO), and the World Health Organization (WHO).

Promoting global economic progress: China's rise to become the world's second largest economy has been marked by a strong commitment to improving global economic governance. In recent decades, China has made significant contributions to global trade, poverty reduction, and sustainable development. Playing a crucial role in the WTO, China has significantly contributed to the promotion of free trade by influencing the regulation of global trade and expanding market opportunities for developing economies. With initiatives like the Belt and Road Initiative (BRI), China has played an important role in promoting infrastructure development in developing countries; improving trade and helping people lift millions out of poverty. The “One Generation, One Road” initiative is not just an economic project. It reflects China’s desire to promote sustainable development and foster interconnected economies for the mutual benefit of all stakeholders. China has played an important role in promoting economic opportunities for nations in Asia, Africa, and Latin America by investing in transportation, energy, and digital infrastructure, paving the way for new channels of development and prosperity. The country has also committed to providing vaccines to developing countries through programs such as the COVAX facility, ensuring that low-income countries are included in efforts to

combat the pandemic. China's commitment to advancing medical treatments, research, and vaccines reflects its overall commitment to Global Health.

The country's strong public health system and high level of scientific knowledge have made it a critically in global health initiatives. China has made significant investments in global health initiatives, focusing on infectious disease control, malaria elimination, and improving access to basic healthcare in underserved areas, in addition to its efforts related to COVID-19.

Caring for our environment and combating climate change: China's contribution to global governance also includes initiatives for environmental and climate sustainability. As the world's largest emitter of carbon dioxide, China has come under increasing



international scrutiny over its environmental policies. However, China has also implemented significant measures to combat climate change and transition to a low-carbon economy. China plays a crucial role in the Paris Agreement on climate change, committing to achieving carbon neutrality by 2060, while predicting a peak in emissions by 2030. The country is rapidly channeling resources into renewable energy options such as solar and wind, positioning itself as a leading player on the international stage in the development and use of clean energy innovations. China's commitment to sustainable development reflects recognition of domestic environmental problems and the global impact of climate change. The country has played an important role in promoting the UN's Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), aligning its development strategies with broader international efforts to eradicate poverty, reduce inequalities and protect the "environment". China has always emphasized the importance of peace and stability in managing world affairs. He strongly supports the use of dialogue and negotiation instead of military confrontation. This approach is clearly reflected in his participation in a number of diplomatic efforts, including the Iranian nuclear negotiations, the peace process on the Korean Peninsula and the promotion of dialogue in the South China Sea conflicts. China's "win-win" strategy in international relations, focusing on mutual respect, equality and non-interference in the internal affairs of other



countries, has successfully cultivated trust with many developing countries. China's emphasis on lasting stability and cooperative relations has helped promote a more peaceful and secure global climate. China's growing participation in global governance is characterized by its commitment to multilateralism, sustainable progress and peaceful cooperation. As the world grapples with complex issues such as climate change, health crises and economic disparities, China is increasingly recognized as a constructive influence in creating an inclusive, balanced and resilient global order. By promoting international cooperation, advancing sustainable development, and contributing to global peace and security, China plays a crucial role in building the foundation for a more harmonious and prosperous world for all.